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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

The Second N. C. regiment is ordered to Raleigh to be mustered out. —— Miss Winnie Davis' condition is now considered critical. —— Dun's *Review* reports an enormous volume of business the past month; failures the smallest ever recorded in any one month in five years. —— The Express companies have decided to bear themselves the war tax and not require their patrons to stamp packages. —— The recent storm destroyed three-fourths of the rice crop on the Savannah river; the loss to planters is estimated at hundreds of thousands of dollars. —— All railroad lines in the flooded sections of Geor ia and South Carolina are abandoned; the waters are still rising and communication with many points is cut off; the total damage is estimated at $1,000,000. —— The French cabinet has decided on a revision of the Dreyfus case. —— A treaty of alliance between Great Britain and Germany has been formed. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent., last loan being at 2 per cent.; cotton easy—middling uplands 5 13-16c; flour was dull and weak, but not quotably lower; wheat—spot weak, No. 2 red 70¼c; corn—spot weak, No. 2 36¼c; rosin, steady; strained, common to good, $1.30; spirits turpentine firm at 30@30½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 2.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 80 deg.; 8 P.M. 79 deg.; maximum, 88 deg.; minimum, 75 deg.; mean, 82 deg.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, T.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 9.6 feet.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The barometer has risen slightly in the South Atlantic coast States, where it is now highest. It has fallen sharply in the northern and western districts, and an extensive low pressure area, central in South Dakota, overlies the North Atlantic States and thence westward over the lake region and centra valleys to the Rocky mountains. The temperature continues high in all districts. It is 90 or above in the middle and upper Mississippi valleys and over the eastern slope of the central Rocky Mountain region. Moderate to heavy showers, mostly thunder storms, have occurred during the day in Southern Florida, the central Gulf States and over Lake Superior. Cloudy weather continues to-night in the same districts; elsewhere clear weather prevails. Local gales have occurred at Tampa, Fla., and at Dodge City, Kan., the former reporting a maximum velocity of 34 miles from the south and the latter 38 miles from the south.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Heavy rains occurred in Georgia and Texas and light showers in the other districts. The temperature was much higher in the Charleston and Savannah districts. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Atlanta, Ga., 3.18; Gainesville, Ga., 3.70; Athens, Ga., 2.20; Griffin, Ga., 1.94.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair, preceded by showers in extreme western portion.

Port Almanac---Sept. 3.

Sun Rises	5.33 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.25 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 52 M.
High Water at Southport	9.40 A. M
High Water, Wilmington	12.10 A. M.

Mark Hanna says we must go for Asia's commerce. Hanna is one of the fellows who believe in going for everything in sight.

Hon. John Sherman is trying to get even with General Alger for euchring him out of those colored delegates from the South in the convention of 1884.

Three Klondikers reached their home at Evanston, Ind., the other day. They had $4 among them but they didn't swell and put on any airs about it, as some of the returning Klondikers do.

"Kangaroo" skin shoes continue to be abundant notwithstanding the fact that the Kangaroo is playing out, and very hard to come up with in Australia where years ago they were numerous.

Harry Skinner says he doesn't care what Butler says about him as he has the support of the Populists and the indorsement of the Republicans of his district. Of course, why not? He is good enough Republican to suit them.

A Chicago lawyer is suing his butcher because the meat he sold gave him (the lawyer) a first-class case of "schlerostoma-pinguecolisteritis." A butcher who would send a thing like that into the midst of a lawyer ought to be made to pay for it, and the jury which has to wrestle with that thing ought to be avenged, too.

A dainty dish with the epicures in China is said to be very young mice which are dipped in honey and swallowed whole. Over 50,000 of these little fellows were consumed during the festivities at the marriage of the present Emperor. A Chinese woman isn't afraid of a mouse when dipped in honey; she goes for it instead of from it.

Spain will co-operate in removing the mines from Havana harbor. That's fair. We co-operated in removing the Spanish flag and troops from Cuba, and that is about as little as Spain could do. She hasn't any more use for mines, and she made bad use or what she did have.

A good many people are buried prematurely under the impression that they are dead, while a good many people continue to stay above ground under the delusion that they are alive.

With 1,200 sick soldiers in Porto Rico, and many more threatened, we may reverse the stories about that delightful climate and the salubriousness of the island.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore—Store for rent.
R. G. Grady—Farm for sale.
Owen F. Love & Co.—Hardware.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Dan Hester, of Chadbourn, was here yesterday.

— Capt. M. T. Craig, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Johnson, of Fair Bluff, was in the city yesterday.

— Miss Ethel Barnes left last night for Wilson to visit friends.

— Mr. Geo. Rountree has returned from a sojourn at Linville.

— Mr. A. David returned yesterday from a visit to Northern cities.

— Mr. W. W. Allen, of Rocky Point, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. J. D. Sessoms, of Stedman, was a welcome caller at this office yesterday.

— Messrs. H. H. McKay and and G. K. Massingill, of Dunn, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. G. Wright has returned home after an extended stay in Western North Carolina.

— Prof. C. H. Wellons, of Buie's Creek Military Academy, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. T. Keen, assistant freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, is sick with fever.

—Miss Annie Binford, of Athens, Ala., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joe E Bunting on Walnut street.

— Miss Ora Wilson, one of Dunn's charming young ladies, was among the visitors to the city yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. Shepard, of Topsail Sound, was here yesterday going to Raleigh to attend the A. & M. College.

— Capt. V. V. Richardson, one of Whiteville's most influential citizens, was in the city on business yesterday.

— Messrs. A. W. Wells and W. D. P. Sharp, of Elm City, were visitors in the city yesterday. They registered at The Orton.

— Rev. J. J. Adams, of Southport, arrived yesterday on his way to Masonboro to assist Rev. W. S. Ballard in a revival meeting.

— Mr. Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., has taken a position with the Carolina Cooperage Company. He was formerly with the Coast Line.

— Mr. H. E. C. Bryant, staff correspondent of the Charlotte *Observer*, arrived in the city yesterday. He was a welcome STAR visitor last evening.

— Miss Allie Lee Butler, a popular young lady from Mt. Olive, is the guest of Mr. Tom Sykes, on Seventh street between Red Cross and Walnut.

— Miss Mabel Froelich, of Halifax, who has been visiting Mrs. J. H. Rehder, left yesterday for Wilson, much to the regret of her numerous friends.

—Mr. Joe Caruthers, whose transfer from the Singer Machine office here to the office at Jacksonsville, Fla., was noted in a recent issue of the STAR, left yesterday for his new post.

— Messrs. W. H. Chadbourn, J. E. Albright, C. P. Lockey and Dr. S. P. Wright returned from Raleigh yesterday. They went up to see what the Republican State Convention would do.

— Mr. Seymour Johnson, who has been holding a place in the office of the purchasing agent of the Coast Line, left yesterday for Florence to work under the A. C. L. store-keeper there.

— Baggage agent H. C. Twining, of the Atlantic Coast Line, who has been quite sick, has recovered and will be at his post to-day. Mr. J. W. Keen has served in Mr. Twining's place.

— Miss Gunning and Miss Neville, two of the most beautiful and cultured visiting young ladies who have adorned and shared the pleasures of Wilmington's social circles during the season just closing, left last night for their home in Columbus, Ohio. They have been the guests of Miss Mary L. McKoy, for several weeks at the McKoy residence on Front street, and subsequently at their Summer residence on Masonboro Sound.

FIRE ON PRINCESS STREET.

Broke Out in the Allen Building in the Store Room of the Office and Type Writer Supply Co.

Fire was discovered in the Allen building on Princess street between Water and Front about 7 o'clock last night, and for a few minutes it looked as though the flames would spread not only through that building but to adjacent ones as well. A telephone message to the Chemical Engine house quickly brought that valuable apparatus to the scene and a general alarm a few minutes later brought steam engines, hook & ladder and hose wagons.

The fire was extinguished by the use of the Chemical engine and was under control within ten minutes after the Chemical was turned on the flames. Within an hour the fire was all out.

The fire started on the second floor in a room used as a storage for surplus stock by the Wilmington Office and Typewriter Supply Co., Mr. Charles Lewis proprietor. Nothing was discovered which would indicate the origin of the fire. When reached by the firemen, the flames had burnt through the door out into the main hallway and were spreading up the stairway to the third story. The stock of stationery, toys and fancy goods in the rooms of the Supply Company is a total loss. Mr. Lewis has a policy of $400 insurance with Messrs. Willard & Giles and estimates the loss at about $600. The building is owned by the David G. Worth estate and the damage is to the walls, windows, etc., and is estimated at from $50 to $75, covered by insurance. The Orton Hotel and J. W. Murchison's hardware store, just in the rear, were very much endangered but not damaged.

Tenants in the Allen building other than Mr. Lewis sustained no special damage. They are the Postal Telegraph office and Mr. Thomas. F. Bagley's rubber stamp and job printing establishment on the first floor, the law offices of Eugene Martin, Esq., P. B. Manning, Esq., and George Rountree, Esq., on the second floor. The only tenant on the third floor is Mr. E. D. McIlhenny, who has a bedroom up there.

The fire was first discovered by Mrs. Coghill, up in the Bell Telephone Exchange in the adjacent bank building. She noticed the smoke coming out from the windows and called the attention of Manager Woodruff to it. He in turn telephoned the alarm to the Chemical engine house. It is quite probable that this incident brought the firemen a good deal sooner than they would otherwise have come and made the damage very much less.

The fire was only about fifty feet from the MORNING STAR building, and the building between them is only two stories. Had the fire spread the STAR office would have been very much endangered.

Some time after the three bells, indicating that the fire was out, had sounded, Policeman Toomer, who had been placed in charge of the building for the night, discovered that fire had re-kindled in a pile of stationery left in the stock room. He reported the matter at the STAR office and the Hook and Ladder Company was telephoned for and came down and extinguished it before further damage was done.

Mr. Charles Lewis, the heaviest loser, was on Wrightsville beach during the fire and did not get to the city until the 10.30 train came up.

Hunting and Fishing.

Letters were received here yesterday from Col. K. M. Murchison, who has been spending some time at Asheville, giving an account of the splendid luck which the Colonel and a party of his friends had in hunting and fishing at Caney, his game preserve in Yancy county. They brought down three fine deer and caught five hundred trout. A number of distinguished gentlemen formed Col. Murchison's party. Among them were Mr. James Swann, of New York, Mr. F. S. Ellis, of Atlanta, and Mr. James Sprunt, of Wilmington.

Campaign Buttons.

As an answer to many inquiries received by the STAR, both verbally and by mail, we will state again that we are not selling campaign buttons, and have never sold one, though we have distributed a large number free of charge. We have turned the whole matter over to Messrs. C. W. Yates & Co., of this city, who will supply them in any quantities. They have just received 500, and will have more in a day or two.

A Docket But No Mayor.

There was no Mayor's Court again yesterday, Mayor Wright being in Raleigh and Mayor pro tem Hewlett being sick and not able to hold the court. Besides the two cases carried over from Thursday there is a case for being drunk and down and two others for drunkenness and fighting. Those held for the latter charge are John Bell and Charles Caddell, both colored. They were arrested late Thursday night.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

N. C. NAVAL RESERVES.

The Last Muster of the Crew of the Nantucket—Men All Paid Off and Discharged.

The crew of the *Nantucket* met for the last muster yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the rear of the postoffice. Bugler Redd's familiar call has called the crew to quarters many a time before, but the call yesterday morning brought together a set of men who will hardly ever again be all together. Many of the boys thought of this yesterday morning and had a shade of sadness cast over their otherwise jubilant feelings.

During the three months that were spent on board the *Nantucket* many friendships were formed which will never be broken. Men who had lived in Wilmington all their lives and had perhaps had only a passing acquaintance with one another, were brought into intimate acquaintance by their life on the monitor. While the crew did not find out what fighting was, their experience and the friendships they made will richly repay them for their service in the United State navy.

After the roll call yesterday morning and the reports of officers the men were instructed to report to the office of the paymaster, on the second floor of the postoffice building, and draw their pay. They were not slow in obeying orders, and pretty nearly all day there was a stream of tars up and down the stone stairs at the post office.

Paymaster W. C. Jones got rid of about four thousand dollars of Uncle Sam's money in paying off the crew alone. Yeoman J. E. Holton assisted him in paying off the men. The crew drew pay for a month and three-quarters. By a rule of the navy, at every previous payment the pay for a quarter of a month was held back. As there had been three payments before, three quarters had been held back. This explains why the payments yesterday were heavier than before. Four men, two of whom were sick and two away, were not paid off. They will get their money in due time.

Many of the tars who do not live here left for their homes yesterday.

The officers are still in the U. S. navy. Yeomen Vick, Parsley, Holton and Bernard, who are private secretaries to the officers, have not yet been discharged.

A good many of the reserves donned their citizen's clothes yesterday. Most of them will take the places they left when they went to the war.

IT WAS A GOOD SELECTION.

Blaney's Extravaganza Will Afford An Auspicious Opening for the Opera House.

It is claimed that Charles E. Blaney's extravaganza, "A Boy Wanted" is one of the largest and strongest farce comedies on the road. The personnel of the troop was published yesterday. There are a number of artists of ability who introduce specialties. There are a host of pretty girls, clever comedians, talented vocalists, expert dancers and high class vaudeville daneers. The presentation of this big success on the occasion of the opening of the Opera House for the season on Monday night will doubtless attract a big crowd. Judging from advance notices and the reputation of the company, Manager Schloss was happy in the selection of "A Boy Wanted," for the opening attraction. Seats for the play are now on sale at Gerken's.

To Commence Rehearsals Monday.

The Lillian Tucker Theatrical Company will commence rehearsals Monday. So said Mr. Vaught, the manager, last night. To-night three players are expected from Chicago. They are Miss Eunice Goodrich, Miss Theodore Goodrich and Mr. William Pottle, all of whom will assume important roles with the Lillian Tucker Company. Mr. Theodore Gray, the leading man arrived several days ago from Boston. Mr. Al. Berger, a well known specialist of considerable reputation, is also here.

Base Ball This Afternoon.

Lovers of base ball will probably have an opportunity to see an interesting game at Hilton Park this afternoon between a team made up from the A. C. L. and O. A. N. teams and the *Nantucket* team. There are good players on both teams and there will be a sharp rivalry between them. It is probable that the largest crowd of the season will witness the game, which will be called at 4.30 o'clock.

Naval Stores Market.

The naval store market is looking up considerably now. Spirits turpentine is a good deal higher than usual, having sold as high as 28 cents per gallon in the last day or so. Rosin advanced 5 cents yesterday and was quoted at close of market at $1.10 for good strained. Tar took a rise also and was quoted very firm at $1.25 per bbl. Crude turpentine sold at $1.10 and $1.60, an advance of ten cents over the price a short time ago.

Bellamy at Pireway.

John D. Bellamy, the white man's Democratic candidate for Congress in this district, will address the people at Pireway, Columbus county, Wednesday next, Sept. 7th. He will discuss the great issues of the day, chief among which in North Carolina is the supremacy of the white race. As Pireway is almost on the line between Columbus and Brunswick a large attendance is expected from both counties.

LOCAL DOTS.

— A valuable farm of 225 acres, four miles west of Burgaw, is offered for sale in the STAR this morning.

— A. B. Crumpler, the noted sanctificationist, was here yesterday, going to Town Creek to hold meetings.

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— The steps leading from the passenger depot down to the freight yard of the Atlantic Coast Line have been partly rebuilt.

— In Justice J. M. McGowan's court yesterday Alfred Beaman, colored, submitted to the charge of disorderly conduct.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

— At the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the court house yesterday two colored women were examined for teacher's certificates.

— Two hundred and sixty-nine colored excursionists arrived from Marion, S. C., yesterday at 11 o'clock by the Coast Line. They left for home last night at 11 o'clock.

— Atlantic Yacht Club did not give their usual weekly dance last night. The taking off of the 11 P. M. Friday night Seacoast train makes the time for dancing too short for holding the hops successfully.

— As announced in yesterday's STAR the best riders of the L. A. W. club here had a test race on the shell road yesterday afternoon for the purpose of forming first and second racing teams. The new teams will not be made up until some time next week.

— Mr. John Nichols, President of the State Fair, has invited the Second Regiment Band to play at the fair in October. The members of the band feel very much flattered at the invitation. President James W. Monroe wrote yesterday giving terms, etc.

— In a report of a canoe race at Wrightsville last Monday, it should have been stated that the *Royal Nonesuch*, Capt. Short, was the winner. This boat does not usually come out ahead, its superior speed in the race referred to being largely due to the skill of its captain.

— People passing Front street now needn't be at a loss to know what is meant by the rustic seats and electric lights on the vacant lot between Chesnut and Mulberry streets. Mr. James G. Monroe, the painter, has painted the name of the park on the white wall inclosing it.

— The STAR has donated a sufficient number of campaign buttons to supply every member of the White Government Union of the Second Precinct of the Fourth Ward. They may be had at the STAR office or of Mr. William Lane. This applies only to the particular Union mentioned.

— C. P. Lockey, the Republican candidate for Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, came back from Raleigh yesterday with a broad smile on his face. Reason was that the Republican and Populist State Committees had endorsed his candidacy instead of that of Loftin, the Populist nominee.

— Rehearsals for the grand concert to be given as a benefit for Miss Norma Foster, Wilmington's talented young violinist, under the direction of Miss Cannie Chasten, are progressing quite satisfactorily. September 20th is the time and the Y. M. C. A. auditorium is the place selected for the event.

— There was an enthusiastic meeting of the White Government Union of the First Ward last night in Lamb's Hall, corner of Eighth and Campbell streets. Several visitors from the Union of the Third Ward were present and were given a cordial welcome. The Union has a large and growing membership. It meets next Friday night at the same place.

Excursion From Dunn.

Hatch Bros'. excursion from Dunn arrived by the Atlantic Coast Line yesterday at 11 A. M. There were 336 people and seven cars one of which was a baggage car. The cars went through to Wrightsville Beach returning at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. At 5:15 o'clock 250 of the excursionists took a trip to the pier on the steamer *Wilmington*. The excursion left for home last night at 8 o'clock.

Sheriff French at Home Again.

Sheriff G. Z. French arrived in the city yesterday afternoon from a month's vacation, which he has spent in Maine, his native State. Barring the sad death of his esteemed brother, the late W. A. French, which occurred almost two weeks ago, the trip has been pleasant and beneficial. The sheriff seems much improved in health.

In the Volunteer Fireman.

Yesterday Assistant Chief W. P. Monroe mailed to the *Volunteer Fireman*, the organ of the North Carolina Firemen's Association published at Greensboro, the August report of fires in Wilmington, as published in the STAR of a recent date. The report makes quite a good showing of work done by the Wilmington Department.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

REP-POP CONFERENCE

Plan of Fusion Arranged by Committees Representing the Two Parties.

MANY POPULISTS REPUDIATE

Middle-of-the-Road Men Preparing a Straight Ticket for Wake County—Norment to Be Pulled Down—Other Raleigh News.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 2.

It was after 1 o'clock this morning when the Populist and Republican conference committees submitted their report to the Republican executive committee and had it ratified by that body. The agreement is as follows:

The agreement was written by Auditor Hal Ayer. After being ratified by the Republican committee, it was given out by Chairman Holton as follows:

The conference committee appointed by the People's party State Convention and the People's party State Committee and the conference committee from the State Executive Committee of the Republican party met in Raleigh on September 1st, 1898. The conference resulted in a unanimous and harmonious conclusion to the effect that it was advisable and necessary to effect a complete co operation of the two parties in the election of 1898, the details of such co-operation to be arranged in deference to the expressions of the various conventions of the two parties. It is respectfully recommended that the counties and districts proceed to nominate co-operative tickets on mutually agreeable conditions and the assurance is authorized by the committees and hereby made that their best offices and assistance will be given in any matter necessary to effect the co-operation above recommended and advised.

CYRUS THOMPSON,
Chm'n. People's Party Ex. Com.
A. E. HOLTON,
Chm'n. Rep. State Ex. Com,

The above report was unanimously adopted by the full Republican State Executive Committee.

A. E. HOLTON, Chm'n.
W. S. HYAMS, Secretary.

Sept. 1st, 1898.

Congressman Skinner was expected, but did not arrive. The Populist conference committee was the same old crowd—Thompson, Ayer, Schulken, Garrett and Peace.

Some of the Republicans want Lloyd to come down in White's favor. A Pritchard Pop said to-day, "No; Lloyd will not come down. I think it is to White's advantage for him to remain in the race."

The chairmen of the executive committees will arrange the Lockey and other matters.

The Republican committee is in session at its headquarters this morning, discussing questions of party policy.

The A. & M. College, of this city, opened yesterday with a fine attendance, One hundred and sixteen students were present yesterday at noon.

The middle-of-the-road Populists are preparing to put their straight Populist county ticket out this week and claim that many Populists will repudiate the Republican deal and vote with them.

A Republican officeholder said today that there is much dissatisfaction over the delay in opening the campaign. "This nigger racket is going to play thunder if something ain't done," he said.

Mr. Richard Young, of Henderson, is mentioned for the Democratic Congressional nomination in this district.

The Republicans openly declared last night that Stroud and Fowler could not get anything like the full Radical vote.

An unauthenticated report says that the State committee will certainly take Dr. Norment down, but not before October. The Governor, so Dockery's friends say will assist if necessary in lowering Norment's congressional colors.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

A Washington special here says the Second regiment is ordered to Raleigh and will be here in its intirety within ten days.

The Republican executive committee adopted a resolution requesting all Republican candidates to hold no joint debates with Democrats. The resolution further advised union meetings and speakings between Populists and Republicans when possible.

THE SECOND REGIMENT.

Will be Mustered Out and the Wilmington Boys Will Soon be at Home Again.

The Naval Reserves have hardly gotten here before the news comes that Company K is also to be mustered out. Reference to the STAR's telegraphic news will show that among the latest army orders is one directing the mustering out of the Second North Carolina Regiment with headquarters on St. Simon's Island. The regiment will go to Raleigh to be mustered out.

With both her Reserves and Light Infantry back again, Wilmington's cup of joy should actually run over.

Episcopal Convocation.

The Rev. J. Carmichael, D. D., Dean of the Convocation of Wilmington, has called a meeting of that ecclesiastical body in St. Paul's Church, Clinton, on Tuesday, the 6th instant. Its sessions will close with the consecration of the church by Bishop Watson on Thursday, the 8th inst.

Will Live in Atlanta.

Mr. Charles U. Dahlgren who for quite a while has been book-keeper for Smith & Gilchrist, will engage in business for himself in Atlanta. He left last night for New York from which city he will go direct to Atlanta. The STAR and his numerous other friends regret to see him leave Wilmington.

Do You Know
That We Have the Largest and Best Assortment of
HARDWARE
In the State, and Compete with Any Market in Prices?

ARE YOU AWARE
That we have the BEST EQUIPPED TIN SHOP in the City, and Make a Specialty of ROOFING and Repairing of Roofs?

Our Plumbing and Gas Fitting Establishment
Is Complete, and Nothing but First Class Workmen Employed.
OWEN F. LOVE & CO.
se 3 tf

EXCURSION YESTERDAY.

Complimentary to Visiting Ladies from Augusta and Savannah.

Mr. J. S. Williams and Chief Engineer Elisha Warren, of the tug *Marion*, gave a party of young people a delightful ride down the river to Old Brunswick and back yesterday on the *Marion*.

The boat left the wharf at 10 A. M. and got back about 3 P. M. Stops were made at Old Brunswick and Fort Anderson. Refreshments were served—in fact everything was done for the pleasure of the passengers. The trip was given in honor of Mrs. Pauline Smith, of Augusta, Ga., and Miss Mamie Bennett, of Savannah. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Yopp were the chaperones.

Married at the Parsonage.

Columbia *State*: Mr. E. J. Phillips, of Wilmington, N. C., and Miss Annie J. Dent, of this city, were married last night at the Second Presbyterian parsonage by Rev. A. G. Blackburn. The ceremony was scheduled to occur next Sunday, but time failed to move along fast enough for them, so last night they decided to turn in and have the knot tied. The young couple have decided to make Columbia their home, the groom having been employed here for the past four years.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 6 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

Services in St. John's Church to-morrow, 13th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael. Litany, Sermon and Holy Communion, 11 A. M. Sunday School 5 P. M.

The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. A. G. Voigt. Seamen and river men are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.15 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

MARRIED.

ANDREWS—BONITZ.—Miss LESETTE J. BONITZ, of Wilmington, to Mr. IRA B. ANDREWS, of Charlotte, at Tyron Street Methodist Church, Charlotte, September 1st, Rev. Dr. Chreitzburg officiating. No cards.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

The well known and desirable Currie Stables, at present occupied by H. L. Fennell. Can stable fifty to seventy-five horses. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
se 1 3t

FOR RENT.

The Store on Market Street

now occupied by Mr. J. Dingelhoef as a Jewelry Store.

Possession October 1st Next.

Apply to

D. L. Gore,

No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.
se 2 tf

A Valuable Farm For Sale.

I am offering one Valuable Farm of 225 acres, four miles west of Burgaw; located on two public roads. Eighty-five acres cleared; balance well timbered. Two and a half acres in strawberries, set out in October, 1897. Two acres in different varieties of very fine grapes. Five-acre orchard in apple and pear trees Large oak grove. Two-story ten-room Dwelling, with all necessary out buildings. Very good water. Good neighborhood. Terms of sale made known to purchaser.

Apply to

R. G. GRADY,
Burgaw, N. C.
se 2 3t

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH
Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS
DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.
au 14 tf

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. MEATS of all kinds, it stands to reason we should have your trade or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry

Ribs,
Butts,
Bellies,
Lard,
Grain,
Flour,
CIGARS.

If you are looking for the RIGHT PLACE to spend your money, we are the people,

Vollers & Hashagen,

Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St.
au 28 tf

IS IT
BANANAS
YOU WANT?

We Have Some Fine Yellow Stock,

15c Dozen.

PALACE BAKERY.

P. S.—Sweet Oranges 25c Dozen.
se 2 tf

John McLaurin. Wm. M. Hays.

McLaurin and Hays,

DEALERS IN

BEST BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, POULTRY, &c.

VENISON AND OTHER GAME IN SEASON.

Special care given to filling, without charge, orders for Green Groceries, if intrusted to them.

Your Patronage Solicited.

Stall No. 4. Front Street Market.
Bell 'Phone 414. se 1 3t

Opera House.

MONDAY NIGHT, SEPT. 5TH.

CHAS. E. BLANEY'S

Big Extravaganza Success

A BOY WANTED.

The Funniest Comedy Ever Written.
A Cast of 24 First Class Artists. All New, Bright, Original, Refined, Elegant, Novel and Elaborate.

3 SETS OF SCENERY.

More Music Than a Comic Opera.
se 2 3t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

MILES AND ALGER.

There has been reason to believe that from the time the war began there was no good feeling between Secretary Alger and General Miles, a belief that neither of them made much effort to remove. If there had been more co-operation between them it would have been better for the country and the army might have been spared much of the ordeal through which it has passed.

Miles is a soldier, not a politician, and he very likely quite early in the proceeding became disgusted with the political manoevring which he witnessed in Washington, and the bungling which he witnessed there and elsewhere, and for that reason he was glad to get out of Washington. When he went to Tampa to learn the cause of the delay in getting the troops embarked for Santiago, he discovered that the soldiers who were to go were without sufficient food, some of them without suitable clothing and equipment, and when he came to enquire into it he found long trains of cars loaded with supples for the army run off on switches several miles from the camp and there remained eight or ten days on account of red tape regulations which prevented unloading the cars without special orders or permits, a striking illustration of Algerian blunders, which detained the troops under orders to sail and kept some of them sweltering for days in crowded vessels when they should have been on shore, or with proper management been on their way to Santiago.

Then came the hitch about convoys, which after some time was straightened out and Shafter's army got off. All this doubtless added to Gen. Miles' disgust at the management of the War Department.

When the army after its herculean labors had formed its lines around Santiago and matters began to get mixed there, in the doubt whether the Spaniards would surrender without a fight or force an assault, General Miles was ordered to Santiago to supervise the operations. He was sent, as he contends, as General of the army, to whom, of course, General Shafter was subordinate, and in this capacity he gave orders to Shafter, without appearing to take personal command of the troops. Now, he says, that while he was receiving dispatches from Washington addressed to him as General of the army, Secretary Alger had sent a private telegram to General Shafter telling him that he was not to be superceded by General Miles, who had simply been sent there to give him the benefit of his presence and advice. General Miles didn't know this until he had given some orders as to the disposition of the army, when General Shafter produced the private telegram, which was as much a surprise to him as it was to General Shafter to learn that that was the first he knew of it.

Having straightened out the business there and seen the surrender completed, he hastened as soon as practicable to Porto Rico, and, it will be remembered, surprised the War Department and the war directors by landing his forces at an entirely different place from that agreed upon, thus ignoring Secretary Alger and taking the business entirely in his own hands. Like Admiral Dewey at Manila, who, to avoid "instructions" from Washingson, cut the cable to Hong Kong, he cut the War Department and worked on his own plans.

In a free talk with a newspaper correspondent of a Western paper Gen. Miles refers to the Alger telegram to Gen. Shafter, and to other telegrams which had been materially altered before they were given to the public, the purport of the interview being that Alger was playing double with him and with Gen. Shafter.

This is such an extraordinary thing for the General of the army to do, to criticise the conduct of the Secretary of War, who is his superior in office, and in the columns of a newspaper, too, thus giving the criticism the widest publicity, that it leaves him liable to court-martial and military discipline. The question is now asked, will he be court-martialed? Some say if he acknowledges the interview as published he must be called to account for it. Secretary Alger says he doesn't believe the interview is authentic, or that Gen. Miles said what is attributed to him by the writer of the interview. But the interviewer asserts that it is accurate in every respect, that Gen. Miles will not deny it, and that the interview was not private or confidential, but was had with him after being informed that it was for publication.

It looks very much as if the interview was published with the express view of forcing Secretary Alger to call General Miles to account, and thus lead to a court martial, which Gen. Miles would welcome, to show up the incompetence of the War Department management and the double dealing of the Secretary of War. Gen. Miles feels that the sentiment of the country is with him and consequently does not shrink from going before a court martial, while there are few who believe that Secretary Alger will have the courage to order it.

Take it all in all this is a nice mess, with the press of the country scoring the blundering of the War Department, which it charges with much of the mortality at Santiago, and with the suffering and death of so many soldiers in our camps, climaxed by the accusations of the General of the army, who does not hesitate to criticise in a public journal the blundering mismanagement and duplicity of the man who was playing his own game in his own way, while army movements were being clogged and lives were being sacrificed on the field and in the camps. A court martial would doubtless reveal much that the country does not know and hence the country may welcome it, although the developments may be very humiliating.

RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.

One of the campaign cries of the Republican-Populist stumpers and papers was retrenchment and reform. They charged the Democratic party with extravagance and a waste of the public moneys, and succeeded by their loud and incessant iteration and reiteration in making a good many people believe it. They promised in the event they were entrusted with power to change all this, and to give the people retrenchment and reform and economical government. As far as the "change" is concerned they have kept their word, not by reducing expenses but by increasing them.

In his speech at Pittsboro, Chatham county, Hon. C. B. Aycock told the kind of retrenchment they have given us by quoting from the Auditor's report, showing that the last three years rule of the "retrenchers" had cost the people nearly $400,000 more than the preceding three years under Democratic administration. The figures stand thus;

Expenses for 1892	$1,057,933.60
Expenses for 1893	1,319,648.10
Expenses for 1894	1,195,620.25
Total for three years	$3,573,201.95

For the last three years:

Expenses for 1895	$1,349,333.65
Expenses for 1896	1,246,566.27
Expenses for 1897	1,364,048.29
Total for three years	$3,959,950.21

This shows that the retrenchers spent in three years $386,748,26 more than the Democrats whom they charged with the extravagance spent in the same time.

What has become of it? They haven't been erecting any State buildings, building any railroads, making any turnpikes, clearing swamp lands or any thing of that kind. The increase in the number of office-holders, department attaches, &c., will account for some of it, but there still remains a great deal to be accounted for. As retrenchers they are daisies.

HE PROMISED HIS PA.

Filial devotion is an admirable thing. It is beautiful to behold, especially when it attains the age of maturity and is able to strut before the public and talk for itself. The Charlotte *Observer* quotes that exemplary son of his father, Hon. Office Hunter Dockery, as saying in his speech at Huntersville, Mecklenburg county, last Monday.

"Nobody need fear I am going back on silver. I pledged my dying father never to go back on silver, the poor man's money."

Generally speaking dying people have something else than silver to think about, but it is really touching to be told how this venerable citizen clung to silver so tenaciously and called his son to him and pledged him never to "go back" on it, which pledge this filial pledgeist then and there took without mental reservation whatsoever

If anybody doubts this haven't we the word of the distinguished gentleman himself, who surely would not parade a deathbed scene for the purpose of fooling somebody into the belief that he would never, no never, while the blue canopy bent over the green earth "go back on silver"

It may not be quite clear what Hon. Office Hunter means by going back on silver. His understanding of it does not seem to prevent him from running as a candidate for Congress on a gold standard platform, nor for repudiating the free silver pledge which he made the free silver Populists and Republicans who nominated and supported him for Lieutenant Governor two years ago. He may have some cute way of harmonizing all this with the pious pledge he made his pa, even if the man of average intelligence can't see it. But perhaps it means that this dutiful son would never refuse silver for a bale of cotton. The Huntersville anecdote is, however, touching, although somewhat belated.

ASSERTING HIMSELF IN RUTHERFORD COUNTY.

Rutherford is not in the East, it is in the West. The whites are in the majority, but the negroes constitute the bulk of the Republican party and therefore they are beginning to realize their importance, to assert themselves and to demand their share of the county offices. John F. Carrier is a colored citizen, believes that "the horse that pulls the plow should have the fodder," and therefore addresses a letter to the white bosses from which the *Western Vindicator* publishes the following:

"We have always been together for the past thirty-three years in politics. Have we not? And we negroes have been true and loyal to the party. There have not been more than ten out of 1,367 negro voters but who have voted a straight Republican ticket. Because you have fooled us the first time we were permitted to go to the ballot-box to stick to you and stay with you. And that is what we have always done; is it not? Yes, sir. And that is what we always will do. We mean to stay with you, so if you hold office we will, and if you don't we won't. So, if you will not reach down and catch us by the hand and pull us up with you, we will reach up and catch your hand and pull you down with us, for we must stay together, for that is what you have always said to the negro, and we have always stayed with you, and now you must stay with us. We will put out our own ticket in this county, and we know we cannot elect ours and you cannot elect yours—if we can't get our man in you shan't either."

Since Congressman White (black) made that defiant speech in the Republican State Convention at Raleigh, and gave notice that the negroes (who really constitute the Republican party in North Carolina) were entitled to more offices and must have them, the negroes throughout the State have become more assertive and aggressive, even in the central and western counties where heretofore they had nothing to say, but submissively voted solidly for the white bosses who reaped all the benefits. The changed attitude of the colored contingent is rough on the white bosses, but the colored allies seem disposed to bring them to taw.

POINTS POLITICAL.

WASHED HIS HANDS

Mr. S. W. Stewart, better known as the "Ham of Mecklenburg" has washed his hands clean of the Republican and Populist crowd and has come back to good old Democracy.—*Charlotte News.*

THEY COULDN'T SWALLOW HARRY.

There was a bolt at the Populist convention that nominated Skinner for Congress, most of the delegates from his own county walking out of the convention. They say Skinner is a Republican.—*Kinston Free Press.*

BEGINNING TO REALIZE IT.

The cheering news comes from every quarter that Populists are at last coming to the realization of the duty they owe their State and are returning to the grand old Democratic party—the only white man's party.—*Rocky Mount Motor.*

QUAKING IN THEIR BOOTS.

The Democrats placed a strong ticket in the field last Monday and the Republicans are quaking in their boots. The party has recognized old and young alike, and nearly township in the county has been remembered in the selection of our candidates. The entire ticket is composed of men of character and ability and those who are popular with the people. We are looking for a grand victory.—*Brevard Leader.*

CAN BUY 'EM CHEAPER.

A prominent Republican, who holds a high official position remarked upon hearing that the Democratic State Convention had refused to fuse with Sucker-fish Cy. Thompson's wing of the Republican party pledged to maintain the present system of county government in the east, "Well that is all right. It will enable us to buy 'em cheaper than heretofore." The two "wings" will flop together to-day in this city, when the terms of the purchase will be agreed on. Honest Populists, who want good government, will not permit themselves "sucked" into any such game.—*Raleigh Post.*

— "General," exclaimed the subordinate officer in the Spanish army, "what shall we do with these bundles of typewritten victories?"

"Hold on to 'em. Maybe Don Carlos will give us us a chance to work some of 'em off yet."—*Washington Star.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mrs. Bettie Bennett, wife of Rev. J. L. Bennett, of Marshville township, died last Sunday evening.

— Nashville *Graphic*: It is with much regret we chronicle the death of Mrs. Winstead, wife of the late Jarman Winstead, which occurred at her home near this place last Sunday.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Died, at Franklinsville, N. C., Tuesday night, Mr. George H. Makepeace, Esq., in the 75th year of his age. Mr. Makepeace was well and favorably known in this city, having lived near here several years before the war.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Deputy Collector J. W. Perkins and posse, captured a large illicit whiskey still near Selma yesterday morning about 4 o'clock. The still was 110 gallons in capacity, and had been in operation the early part of the night. There were 23 stands of beer, containing about 1,200 gallons, which the officers destroyed.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Allen Whittington, who lives up on Stony Fork creek, near the Wilkes and Watsugu, is said to be 101 years old. He has a young wife, aged about 30. Mr Whittington does his own work and often makes trips to Wilkesboro, a distance of twenty miles. He likes to tell of good old times of long years ago. Mr. Whittington's brother, Alex. who lives on an adjoining farm, is 96 years old.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth:* Several days ago two colored men named Walter Cotton and Ben Shearin got into a diffeulty at Tillery. Both were arrested but Shearin was liberated. Cotton was held from Saturday until Monday. Failing to give bond he was started to Halifax jail. A colored man named Dickens was acting as temporary constable. When they had gone a little way from town Cotton asked that some one bring him his coat. His coat was carried to him, and not being very securely tied he soon got a knife from his coat pocket, cut the rope with which he was bound and then turned upon the constable. Dickens was so badly cut that he could not hold his prisoner and Cotton went at large again. He is an ex-convict.

TWINKLINGS.

— "I doesn' b'live in good or bad luck," said Uncle Eben, "'ceptin' ter dis extent: Ef a man's born wif sense he's lucky, an' ef he's born wifout he's hoodooed."—*Washington Star.*

— The Ball Located: "A splendid stroke! Did you follow the ball, Caddie?" "No'm, but I think that gentleman with the red coat can tell where it struck. I see him feelin' of his head."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Hello! Is that the feed store?" "Yes." "Well, send me up two bushels of corn and two bales of hay." "Who for?" "For the horse, you blamed fool; did you think it was for me?"

— "This," said Mr. Flitter, "is a picture of the only girl I ever loved." "How cleverly," said Miss Wyse, as she looked at the portrait, "they do get up these composite photographs?"—*Truth.*

— The Feminine Instinct: "I say, Floss, what makes that snake tie himself up in a knot?" "'Cause he wants to remember something, and he hasn't got any handkerchief."—*Tit Bits.*

— "I am surprised, John," said and old lady, when she found her butler helping himself to some of her finest old port. "So am I, ma'am," was the calm reply, "I thought you was gona out."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Dusty Roads—"They say the earth makes a complete revolution in twenty-four hours." Weary Waggles—"That must be the reason I'm always so tired. I hadn't any idea I was taking so much exercise."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Pretty Cashier—"You must give me a holiday to recruit my health. My beauty is beginning to fade." Manager—"Why do you think so?" Pretty Cashier—"The men are beginning to count their change."—*Pearson's Weekly.*

— Putting It Another Way: "You think this man had been drinking," said the cross-examining attorney; "did he appear to have more than he could carry?" "I'll not say that," replied the cautious witness, "but I do think that he would have been wiser to have gone twice after it."—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c. a bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

A CRITICAL TIME

During the Battle of Santiago.

SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes, Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. Butler, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago, De Cuba, on July 23d, says: "We all had diarrhœa in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by R. R. BALLAMY. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A PRISON IN MEXICO.

CURIOUS CUSTOMS THAT PREVAIL IN BELEM JAIL.

Musical Instruments In the Cells and a Concert Almost Every Evening by the Prisoners—Dinner Hour Marked by a Curious Spectacle.

Among the various uses to which Mexico has put some of her old monasteries and convents is that of serving for the incarceration of violators of the law. The Convento de Belen at Mexico City has become, in common parlance, Belem, the city jail and prison, accused and convicted persons, men, women and children alike being confined there in different compartments. The building was put up by the Spanish governor in 1686, as an inscription at the head of the main stairway tells. A casual visit paid it by a reporter of The Mexican Herald reveals a condition of prison management in Mexico worthy of passing attention in the days of prison reform associations and international prison congresses.

The Herald said that Belem had been commonly spoken of as a second Black Hole of Calcutta, but the reporter found that the prison was kept in a state of comparative cleanliness; not so, however, the prisoners. Their condition he described as one of disgusting filthiness. Although there was a hydrant in every cell and general bathing facilities in each compartment, the reporter found only one inmate either at bath or with any indication of having bathed within a year. It was explained to him by the prison authorities that formerly the regulations required prisoners to bathe daily, but that this was regarded as such a hardship that the sufferers managed to have it declared a form of cruel and unusual punishment and so to have the rule abrogated. There are in the prison now 3,451 prisoners, of whom 2,933 are men and 80 are minors.

A curious feature found by the reporter was the Spanish regard for the arts, even within prison walls. He found in the south wing the writers of libel, "and the cells reserved for musicians, artists and others of the fine arts." It would seem to be a charitable as well as an inclusive provision, that "and others" (besides artists) of the fine arts. The musicians are permitted, apparently, to take their instruments to jail with them, much as mechanics take into the prison workshop their own tools of trade. "The walls of the musicians' cells are decorated with different musical instruments, and the reporter was told that almost every evening there was a concert in one of the patios."

Men sometimes do in Mexico what in this colder clime they content themselves with wishing done, for the reporter came upon one Adams, under sentence of 20 years "for killing a waiter at the Club de la Opera because he did not bring his dinner quick enough." Adams has the freedom of his galley. There are in each galley three trusties who go about with clubs and preserve order, using the club "only when moral suasion will not do as well."

There were stoics among the 57 men condemned to death. One of these, under sentence for assassinating a man, expressed his serene confidence as to his future, but, "if worst comes to worst"—a shrug of the shoulders and palms up. This man and some others under death sentence had the run of the commandant's offices, notwithstanding there were on the walls, serving as decorations, confiscated weapons of prisoners. Oddly enough, as it would seem in this country, though it wouldn't have been strange in the Italy of Machiavelli, there wasn't a gun among these. The nearest to it was a bayonet, and the rest were poinards, scimiters, stilettos, butcher knives, table knives, penknives, and shoemakers' knives.

The dinner hour was marked by a curious spectacle. The street outside the prison was filled with the "wives, children, dogs and other members of the prisoners' households." These brought baskets of edibles to the prisoners, some of whom were permitted to speak to their relatives through a grating. To the convicts not permitted to come to the grating, their relatives were allowed to send in notes accompanying the dinner baskets. This privilege had given rise to a peculiar way of making a few pennies among persons able to write—"itinerant scribes who for a cent or two wrote messages to the prisoners." One woman bade the scribe to put her message in red ink. She would have none of the "purple stuff."

"Tell him," said she, "that I send him two little tamales and tell him that la perrita died yesterday."

Says the reporter, "And the scribe, leaning under the shade of his umbrella, sitting on a rock, with his bottle of red ink on another rock beside him, worked away assiduously, with anretymology all his own, beginning paragraphs with lower case letters and putting in caps in the most unexpected places, so that it would take an Ignatius Donnelly cryptogram to decipher the meaning of his hieroglyphics."

The Shilling Trick.

A wandering sleight of hand man was entertaining some loungers with an exhibition of his tricks. After showing a good number of them, he said:

"But I have one good trick that I call the shilling trick."

Of course they all wanted to see that, so he instructed a good number of them to give him a shilling, after having marked it and carefully noted the date. About a dozen of the bystanders did so, and he took them all, shook them up, and then showed each man another shilling than the one he had marked, accompanying each shilling with the question:

"Is that yours?"

Each man, of course, said "No," and he strolled away, saying:

"Then they must all be mine."—London Globe.

Made Sure of It.

Some time ago I was at a small village in Somersetshire fitting up a steam dairy.

As is well known, water is a most essential thing in a dairy. So, being unable to obtain a sufficient supply from a well already sunk, it was suggested to open a disused well near and try the water there.

Instructions were given to the men to be careful on opening the well, as it might be unsafe to descend on account of foul air.

They were told to light a candle and let it down, and if it continued to burn they would then know that there was no danger in descending.

On the following day, on asking if it was safe to go down, one of the men replied: "Yes, that's safe enough. I took the candle down with me, and it burnt beautifully."—London Globe.

After using a 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm you will be sure to buy the 50 cent size. Cream Balm has no equal in curing catarrh and cold in head. Ask your druggist for it or send 10 cents to us.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

I suffered from Catarrh three years; it got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston. †

THE CADI'S JUSTICE.

How He Taught His Sovereign a Valuable and Lasting Lesson.

The following story is told of one of the Arabian caliphs of Cordova: El Hacchem, the son and successor of Abderrahman III, desiring to enlarge his palace, proposed to purchase from a poor woman a piece of ground that lay contiguous to it, and when she could not be prevailed on to part with the inheritance of her ancestors the caliph's officers took by force what they could not otherwise obtain.

The poor woman applied to Ibu-Bechin, the cadi, or chief magistrate, of Cordova for justice. The case was a delicate and dangerous one to meddle with, but the cadi resolved, even at the sacrifice of his life, to recall to his master's recollection a truth that the best of rulers will sometimes forget. He mounted his ass, and, taking a large sack with him, rode to the palace of the caliph. The prince happened to be sitting in a pavilion that had been erected in the poor woman's garden.

"Prince of the faithful," said Bechin, prostrating himself, "I have come to ask permission of thee to fill this sack with the earth upon which thou standest."

Hacchem, although considerably surprised at such a request, cheerfully allowed him to fill his sack. When this was done, the cadi besought his sovereign to crown his goodness by aiding him in loading his ass with its burden. This extraordinary request surprised the caliph still more, but he yielded to the cadi's entreaty and attempted to raise the sack. It was so heavy, however, that he could scarcely lift it.

"How thinkest thou that I can lift such a burden?" asked Hacchem, laughing.

"Prince of believers," replied Bechin, with impressive gravity, "this sack, which thou findest so heavy to bear, contains but a small part of the ground that you took by violence from the rightful owner. How, then, shall you be able, at the day of judgment, to support the weight of the whole?"

The caliph, struck with this address, embraced the cadi, thanked him, acknowledged his fault and immediately restored to the poor woman the field of which she had been despoiled, together with the pavilion and everything it contained.

The praise due to a despotic sovereign capable of such action is inferior only to that which should be accorded to the cadi who induced him to perform it.—Philadelphia Times

Headaches.

For most aches of the head the hot water bag is a good friend, but when the face has the flush and the eyes show a peculiar look which tell of a congestive headache then heat in that neighborhood is insupportable Instead of this apply cold If you have no ice bag, fill your hot water bag pretty full of ice water, put in pieces of ice as large as will pass the mouth and lay this at the back of the patient's neck Applied to the armpits and wrists, ice often affords great relief to the sufferer

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away ten million trial bottles of this great medicine, and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed or price refunded. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
₰ ℔ Jute	6¾@		7
Standard	7	@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₰ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ₰ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ₰ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₰ ℔		@	6
Shoulders ₰ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ₰ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₰ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₰ ℔	15	@	19
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	40
Virginia Meal		@	40
COTTON TIES—₰ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—₰ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	26
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—₰ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State		@	10
COFFEE—₰ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½@		9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₰ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ₰ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₰ dozen	12	@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₰ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₰ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₰ barrel	18 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₰ half-bbl	9 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₰ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₰ barrel		@	4 00
Mullets, ₰ pork barrel		@	7 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ₰ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₰ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 50	@	4 50
FLOUR—₰ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 75	@	5 00
GLUE—₰ ℔	7½@		8½
GRAIN—₰ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	50	@	53½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	35	@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—₰ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	12
HAY ₰ 100 ℔—			
Clover Hay		@	75
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	80
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOF IRON, ₰ ℔	1½@		2
LARD, ₰ ℔—			
Northern	5½@		7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ₰ barrel	1 15	@	1 35
LUMBER (city sawed) ₰ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	15 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	32 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₰ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	18	@	30
NAILS, ₰ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ₰ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ₰ ℔	10	@	20
SALT, ₰ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 100 ₰ Sacks		@	4¾
SHINGLES, Cypress, ₰ M	3 00	@	5 00
Common	1 40	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 00
SUGAR, ₰ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½@		5¾
Standard A		@	5¾
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ₰ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ₰ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₰ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50	@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
₰ M 5X24 heart	7 50	@	8 00
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5X24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
3X24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ₰ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ₰ gallon Northern	1 00	@	1 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL ₰ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 27¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 27¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl for Strained and $1.10 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market very firm at $1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, firm, 27¼c, 26¾c; rosin steady, $1.15; $1.20; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	86
Rosin	567
Tar	135
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year.—159 casks spirits turpentine, 624 bbls rosin, 223 bbls tar, 52 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 5¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 13-16	cts. ₰ lb.
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	4 13-16	" "
Middling	5¼	" "
Good Middling	5½	" "

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—42 bales; same day last year, 205.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia—Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c; Spanish, 70 @80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½@55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—None offering.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent., last loan being at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills 484¼@485 for demand; 482¾@483 for sixty days. Posted rates 483½@484 and 486. Commercial bills 482. Silver certificates 59½@60¼. Bar silver 60¼. Mexican dollars 46¾. Government bonds were firmer: U. S. 3's, 105; U. S. new 4's, registered, 126⅞ @127¼; do. coupon, 126⅞@127¼; U. S. 4's 109¾@110¼; do. coupon, 111½ @112¾; U. S. 2's, 98; U. S. 5's, registered, 111¾@112¾; do. 5's, coupon, 111¾@113¾. State bonds—N. C. 6's 129; 4's 102½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Rosin was steady; strained, common to good, $1 80. Spirits turpentine firm at 30 @30½c.

CHARLESTON, September 2.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, September 2.—Spirits turpentine 28c; sales 167 casks; receipts 972 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,077 barrels; receipts 3,878 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept 2.—Cotton opened steady with prices one point lower to one point higher, and with very few orders in sight, the cotton market soon turned quite weak under renewed selling pressure, chiefly from English and Southern sources. Local shorts were somewhat disposed to cover, in view of the unsatisfactory purport of the later news regarding cotton crop conditions, and the effect of recent abnormal rain falls in Atlantic sections. Following the opening call, the market ruled barely steady and by 12¦M, showed a loss of three to four points. Subsequently the market ruled quiet and without particular feature, recovering however from buying by commission houses and renewed covering, caution being stimulated by the continued light movement. At the weakest point of the day

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE MOORISH SHEIK.

His Dress and Appearance Sadly at Variance With His Rank.

Close upon us is a long cavalcade of men on mules and on foot, some 80 or 40 in all. I know them from a distance, and already they have seen me and are leaving the track to speak a few words to me before they pass on to the town. The old Moor with the long gray beard is a sheik of the mountaineers, and his authority extends over his tribe from Tangier almost to Ceuta and Tetuan, 40 miles and more away.

Yet his dress in no manner betokens his influence or rank, for the linen shirt and brown hooded "jelab" that he wears are common to all. Perhaps his white turban is folded a little more neatly and is of greater dimensions than those of the other elders of his band, for the young men wear nothing on their closely shaven heads except bands of red or blue cloth or brown cords of camel's hair. He rides a pack saddle, as have his ancestors for generations upon generations, and over the neck of his sturdy little mule dangle his bare legs, with their yellow heelless slippers hanging from his toes.

In the panniers of his pack one obtains a glimpse of his carpet and bedding and a belt stuffed full of cartridges, while another mule is laden with a couple of sheep, a present for the governor or bashaw, who resides in Tangier. One and all bear European rifles. Winchesters and Remingtons for the most part, and even the staid old sheik has his own across his knees, for the ways of the native authorities are treacherous, and more than once rumor has spoken of his probable imprisonment, owing to his growing influence over the mountaineer tribes. But woe betide the men who should try to arrest the chief when his band of trusty followers are by.—Saturday Review.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 30th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md. jy 27 2m we sa

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue. BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite B. & O. Ticket Office. feb 23tf Goldsboro, N. C.

St. Paul's Academy
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.

Students Thoroughly Prepared for
COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.

Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month. For information apply to

E. O. Counts, A. M., Principal,
215 North Seventh street,
or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 12 North Sixth street. au 11 6w

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

THE DOWAGER.

Girls about her in a flock,
Like roses round a hollyhock.
Laughter, motion, gliding grace,
Youth's fresh luster in a face,
All the things that sweetest were—
Yonder sits the dowager.

Bravely still she smiles indeed.
Placid in her cap and weed.
Plies the lorgnette left and right
With a hand still lily white.
Ah, but the pinch'd heart of her—
Poor old wistful dowager!

Once for her the starry lights
And the waltzes' birdlike flights.
Once a bosom all a-throb,
Sigh of rapture like a sob.
Wafts of violet and myrrh—
Poor old dreaming dowager!

Snow whirl of white drapery,
Laces like the wind whipped sea,
Feet that mocked the swallow's wing,
Ever lightly vanishing.
Heart and joy with soul astir—
Such was once the dowager.

Now she fain remembers all
While the waltzes rise and fall,
And the subtle, soft perfume
Hovers ghostlike in the room.
Perished hopes and fancies stir—
Poor old wrinkled dowager!

Better would she be, I trow,
Where the quiet hearth coals glow,
And the seer's lofty page
Bears a temple fit for age.
Nay! Her moon dead youth for her?
Frivolous old dowager!
—James Buckham in "The Heart of Life."

SPIDER SILK.

How Science Robs the Wily Insect of Its Delicate Web.

The prize of £1,000 offered by the Manufacturers' union of England to the inventor of any perfect process for utilizing the web of a common spider has been awarded to M. Cachot, an eminent chemist of France.

The spider, unlike the silkworm, is wild and warlike. Its short mandibles are armed with fangs, through which a deadly poison flows. It is a gourmand, demanding large supplies of animal food and plenty of water. It is the hardest of all insects to manage. Despite all these drawbacks, science has conquered the little fiend and compelled it to pay tribute to genius.

M. Cachot recently invited a company of manufacturers to inspect the workings of the process. They were ushered into a damp, dimly lighted room, inhabited by hundreds of large Madagascar spiders clinging to the side walls and upon the rafters. The only food required by these curious creatures is a diet of insects, house flies and small living things of all sorts. They catch the victim, and, while trying to imprison their prey, send out their most valuable webbing. It is very strong and permits of being turned off readily.

In the center of the room stands a frame filled with bobbins worked by a dynamo. The spider is allowed one or two turns around the fly, and then the web issuing from its abdomen is caught by a delicate hook, fastened to the bobbin and wound off as fast as the spider produces it. One spider will spin in a week sufficient web to fill a bobbin as large as a peanut. As long as it is generally fed it will continue to create its thread until it dies. The color of the web is a pale gray, and takes all dyes readily.

For experimental purposes a little of the spider web was woven into a cloth. It yielded a fabric very silky in touch and as fine as the best of oriental products. It is possible that the wonderfully delicate silks of the ancients were of spider web, as, with all the increased facilities and knowledge of modern times, they have never been duplicated. The start has been made. The development will be watched with interest.—Textile American.

Rich Man, Poor Man.

A short time ago a man who had seen better days approached several benevolent looking gentlemen at a well known hotel, asking for a meal. Each one repulsed him, until finally a reporter, who had just been paid off, invited him to have a snack with him. It was a good snack, too, and it took all the reporter's money, but he said it was a satisfaction to him to know that the poor man had one square meal at last. The incident reminded me of the rich man who told the poor man to work. He said he couldn't get work, but still the rich man said, "You must work." Some time after the rich man fell into the water and called to the poor man to rescue him. "Swim," said the poor man. "But I can't swim," said the rich man. "Well, said the poor man, "you must swim." When a man asks alms, it is always well to consider that some day the situation may be reversed, and then the man who can't swim must drown.—Boston Traveler

A Spider Story.

In one of the splendid rooms of the palace of Potsdam one of the decorations is the figure of a large spider wrought in gold. According to the Portland Oregonian a tradition as picturesque and interesting as that told of David of Israel and Robert Bruce attaches to this piece of work. It commemorates an incident in the life of Frederick William, the grandfather of the present emperor of Germany. An attempt had been made to poison him in a cup of chocolate. By chance a spider fell into the cup, and for this reason the beverage was given to a dog, who, immediately upon taking it, died. The cook was afterward hanged, and the golden spider in the Potsdam palace immortalizes the incident.

The Only Thing to Say.

"There," said the lady, pointing to the wood pile, "how does that strike you?"

"Madam," responded Mr Perry Patettic, "I never saw the like."—Indian apolis Journal.

A HORRID SLANDER.

The Most Infamous That Ever Appeared in Print in This State.

The Alarmed Politicians are Trying to Break the Force of it by Resorting to Various Dodges, But They are Too Thin.

The infamous assault on the white women of this State which appeared on the 18th of August in the *Daily Record*, the negro paper published in this city, has aroused a storm of indignation from one end of the State to the other. We have received so many requests for copies of the STAR containing this article that we herewith reproduce it in full, the accuracy of which is certified to by Col. John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, and by a number of our well-known business men. The article is headed:

Mrs. Felton's Speech.

"A Mrs. Felton, from Georgia, makes a speech before the Agricultural Society at Tybee, Ga., in which she advocates lynching as an extreme measure. This woman makes a strong plea for womanhood, and if the alleged crimes or rape were half so frequent as is oftimes reported, her plea would be worthy of consideration.

"Mrs. Felton, like many other so-called Christians, loses sight of the basic principle of the religion of Christ in her plea for one class of people as against another. If a missionary spirit is essential for the uplifting of the poor white girls, why is it? The The morals of the poor white people are on a par with their colored neighbors of like conditions, and if any one doubts the statement let him visit among them. The whole lump needs to be leavened by those who profess so much religion and showing them that the preservation of virtue is an essential for the life of any people.

"Mrs. Felton begins well for she admits that education will better protect the girls on the farm from the assaulter. This we admit and it should not be confined to the white any more than to the colored girls. The papers are filled often with reports of rapes of white women, and the subsequent lynching of the alleged rapists. The editors pour forth volleys of aspersions against all negroes because of the few who may be guilty. If the papers and speakers of the other race would condemn the commission of crime because it is crime and not try to make it appear that the negroes were the only criminals, they would find their strongest allies in the intelligent negroes themselves, and together the whites and blacks would root the evil out of both races.

"We suggest that the whites guard their women more closely, as Mrs. Felton says, thus giving no opportunity for the human fiend, be he white or black. **You leave your goods out of doors and then complain because they are taken away.** Poor white men are careless in the matter of protecting their women, especially on farms. They are careless of their conduct toward them **and our experience among poor white people in the country teaches us that the women of that race are not any more particular in the matter of clandestine meetings with colored men, than are the white men with colored women. Meetings of this kind go on for some time until the woman's infatuation or the man's boldness, bring attention to them and the man is lynched for rape. Every negro lynched is called a 'big, burly, black brute,' when in fact many of those who have thus been dealt with had white men for their fathers, and were not only not 'black' and 'burly' but were sufficiently attractive for white girls of culture and refinement to fall in love with them as is well known to all."**

"Mrs. Felton must begin at the fountain head if she wishes to purify the stream.

"Teach your men purity. Let virtue be something more than an excuse for them to intimidate and torture a helpless people. Tell your men that it is no worse for a black man to be intimate with a white woman, than for a white man to be intimate with a colored woman.

You set yourselves down as a lot of carping hypocrites; in fact you cry aloud for the virtue of your women while you seek to destroy the morality of ours. Don't think ever that your women will remain pure while you are debauching ours. You sow the seed—the harvest will come in due time."

THE AFFIDAVIT OF THE CLERK.

An effort has been made by some of the politicians to fool the people by representing that this slander was a Democratic trick or was garbled, but the following affidavit from the Clerk of the Superior Court settles the question as to its accuracy:

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

I, John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record*, a paper published in the city of Wilmington, of date Aug. 18, 1898.

"I further certify that said paper has been published in said city at least eight months prior to this date; that Alex. L. Manly, the editor, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has before this held the office of Deputy Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, by appointment from Charles W. Norwood, Republican Register of Deeds, of New Hanover county.

"I further certify that John N. Goins, business manager; L. D. Manly, foreman; Jno. T. Howe, general traveling agent; and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and are known as Republicans and the said Jno. T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897. Witness my hand and seal this August 24th, 1898. JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover Co.

Who Manly Is.

As the Republican politicians in this county could not call this assault a Democratic trick, or say it was garbled, they tried to break the force of it by repudiating the paper as a party organ and characterizing the editor as a "simpleton" who represents no one but himself. The following affidavit from a number of business men of Wilmington testifies to the accuracy of the published slander, tells who Manly and his associates on the *Record* are and shows that Manly was not regarded as a simpleton, or a nobody before he startled the bosses by the publication of that awful article:

CITIZENS TESTIFY.

B. G. Worth, of the Worth Co.; R. W. Hicks, wholesale grocer; C. E. Borden, president of Navassa Guano Co.; W. L. DeRosset, commander of N. C. Division Confederate Veterans, and John C. Springer, of the firm of W. E. Springer & Co., each being duly sworn says that he has read the foregoing paper, and that the said is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record* of the date August 18th, 1898; that said paper, the *Daily Record*, has been published in the city of Wilmington at least eight months prior to this date, and Alex. L. Manly, the editor thereof, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has held the position of Deputy Register of Deeds in New Hanover county under the Republicans.

Affiants further say that John N. Goins, business manager, L. D. Manly, foreman, John T. Howe, general traveling agent, and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and Republicans, and the said John T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897.

W. L. DEROSSET,
JOHN C. SPRINGER,
B. G. WORTH,
R. W. HICKS,
CHAS. E. BORDEN.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Personally appeared before me, Wm. L. DeRossett, B. G. Worth, John C. Springer, R. W. Hicks and Charles E. Borden, shown to me to be the persons they represent themselves to be, and made oaths that the above statement is correct to the best of their knowledge and belief.

JOHN TURRENTINE,
Notary Public.

Discouraging.

Would Be Suitor—Good morning, Miss Brown. Quite an opportune meeting, indeed. I have been waiting for a chance to ask when it would be agreeable for me to call on you.

Miss Brown—Oh, you are at liberty to make your own selection.

Would Be Suitor—Thanks. By the way, I see that you have been getting a new horse and carriage.

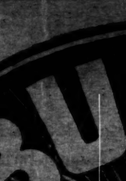
Miss Brown—Yes. Come around soon and pa'll take great pleasure in driving you out.—Richmond Dispatch.

There are about 1,500 American students in Paris, most of them in art, and about 900 in Berlin, most of them in music, philosophy and the sciences. In France the degrees and diplomas are granted by the national government and not by the universities.

The Roman penny was valued at about 15 cents.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE. Ely's Cream Balm contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membranes. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c.; Trial Size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York.
Secretary.
se 11 y tu th ss

Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation
Now on Hand and
New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.

jy 21 6

Well Dressed Beef and Mutton,

Lamb, Veal or Pork, of the finest quality and flavor, is always at your disposal, at the lowest prices, at this market. If you have not favored us with your patronage heretofore, a test of our high grade meats, cut in an expert manner for your table, will prove so satisfactory that you will always remain a customer.

I. B. RHODES.
au 27 tf

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. G. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 38, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185. W. B. MCKOY,
au 11 30f Attorney.

Butter, Cheese, Cakes.

WE HAVE THE FAMOUS JAMES TOWN BUTTER, STRAIGHT'S P. N. CHEESE, AND CAKES AND CRACKERS OF BEST MAKES.

Receiving Fresh New Flour, and Can fill all Orders Promptly

Try a crate Swift's Winchester S. C. Hams.

A Nice Lot N. C. Bacon on consignment.

Hall & Pearsall,
au 13 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 2 1m H. R. Love & Bro.

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
my 28 tf Wilmington N. C.

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
Je 4 tf 19 Market St., Wilmington, N. C

FOR RENT.

One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 110 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES
"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure

Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,
Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,
THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.
my 12 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. MCRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. MCRAE, Raemont.

The attention of Investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 35 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

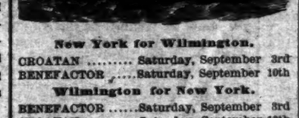
SEND US

Your Orders for
Flour, Coffee, Meal,
Corn, Oats, Hay,
MEAT, &c.
AND GET
BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
je 13 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.
CROATAN ..... Saturday, September 3rd
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, September 10th
Wilmington for New York.
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, September 3rd
CROATAN ..... Saturday, September 10th
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
BENEFACTOR ..... Tuesday, August 30th
CROATAN ..... Tuesday, September 6th

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. jy 15 tf

Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs. Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs. Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs. Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs. Salt.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
au 18 tf D&W 5 and 7 South Water St.

SALEM Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 24.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal.
au 7 tf Salem North Carolina.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect July 23, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M.: No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12.03 a. m., Wilson 12.49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.20 p. m., Tarboro 2.21 p. m., Weldon 3.35 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6.40 p. m., Norfolk 8.35 p. m., Washington 11.20 p. m., Baltimore 1.36 a. m., Philadelphia 3.56 a. m., New York 6.52 a. m., †Boston 3.00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M.: No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.58 p. m., Warsaw 9.10 p. m., Goldsboro 10.10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6.45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11.37 p. m., Weldon 1.48 a. m., †Norfolk 10.15 a. m., Petersburg 3.14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7.41 a. m., Baltimore 9.03 a. m., Philadelphia 11.25 a. m., New York 2.08 p. m., Boston 9.00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M.: No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 p. m., Newbern 5.40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.: No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 p. m., Chadbourn 5.38 p. m., Marion 6.34 p. m., Florence 7.13 p. m., Sumter 9.22 p. m., Columbia 10.50 p. m., Denmark 8.12 a. m., Augusta 7.55 a. m., Macon 11.15 a. m., Atlanta 12.35 p. m., Charleston 10.50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7.20 a. m., St. Augustine 10.30 a. m., Tampa 6.05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p. m., †New York 9.00 p. m., Philadelphia 12.05 a. m., Baltimore 2.30 a. m., Washington 4.30 a. m., Richmond 9.05 a. m., Petersburg 10.20 a. m., Norfolk 9.10 a. m., Weldon 11.20 a. m., Tarboro 12.20 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.10 p. m., Wilson 2.30 p. m., Goldsboro 3.03 p. m., Warsaw 3.59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 9.30 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a. m., Philadelphia 12.00 p. m., Baltimore 2.25 p. m., Washington 4.45 p. m., Richmond 7.30 p. m., Petersburg 8.12 p. m., †Norfolk 2.30 p. m., Weldon 9.43 p. m., †Tarboro 6.00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5.40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6.22 a. m., Goldsboro 7.01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8.05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.: No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 a. m., Jacksonville 10.26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M.: No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 a. m., Sanford 3.07 p. m., Jacksonville 8.00 p. m., Savannah 1.45 a. m., Charleston 6.39 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7.50 a. m., Macon 9.00 a. m., Augusta 2.30 p. m., Denmark 4.17 p. m., Sumter 6.06 a. m., Florence 8.55 a. m. Marion 9.34 a. m., Chadbourn 10.30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11.09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.15 p. m., Halifax 4.30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p. m., Greenville 6.50 p. m., Kinston 7.55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a. m., Greenville 8.52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 a. m., Weldon 11.33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9.10 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9.55 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.; arrives Washington 11.00 a. m. and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.30 p. m.; Sunday, 4.15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 p. m. and 6.10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a. m. and Sunday 9.00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 a. m. and 11.00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.19 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8.30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10.25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.55 p. m., spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 10.5 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.30 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 3.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.34 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.30 p. m., Latta 6.45 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9.25 a. m., Chadbourn 10.43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12.40 p. m.; leave Conway 2.45 p. m. Chadbourn 5.30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.05 p. m., Manning 6.38 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7.13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8.34 a. m., Manning 9.06 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9.37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 a. m., 7.40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 m., 9.00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7.00 a. m., 3.30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8.36 a. m.; 4.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 6.45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9.10 a. m., Cheraw 10.30 a. m., Wadesboro 2.25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 2.25p. m.; arrive Darlington 5.50 p. m., Hartsville — p. m., Bennettsville 9.46 p. m., Gibson 10.10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.30 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.25 a. m., Bennettsville 6.49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7.40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7.43 a. m.; arrive Florence 8.10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 p. m., Cheraw 5.15 p. m., Hartsville 2.15 a. m., Darlington 4.50 a. m.; arrive Florence 7.00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.17 p. m., 11.13 p. m.; arrive Selma 3.50 p. m., 11.55 p. m., Smithfield 5.02 p. m., Dunn 5.30 p. m., Fayetteville 6.25 p. m., 1.07 a. m., Rowland 6.00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m., Fayetteville 11.10 a. m., 10.35 p. m., Dunn 11.50 p. m., Smithfield 12.38 p. m., Selma 12.35 p. m., and 11.44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1.17 p. m., 12.19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4.39 a. m., Creston 5.17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6.18 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4.17 p. m., Creston 5.13 p. m., Sumter 6.33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a. m.; arrives Pregnalls 9.15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3.50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11.10 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1.00 p. m and 8.30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6.05 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8.35 a. m. and 3.30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 22	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 35	5 45	Newbern.....	9 07	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City..	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.50 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3.

TO VISIT CAMP WIKOFF.

Arrival of President McKinley and Party in New York City—Will Visit Camp To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sep. 2.—President McKinley accompanied by Mrs. McKinley, Major Webb C. Hayes, Colonel and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick and George D. Cortelyou, the President's assistant secretary, arrived at Jersey City over the Pennsylvania railroad and were met at the station by Vice President and Mrs. Hobard who will remain with them during their stay in the city. The party were driven to the Manhattan Hotel, where they will occupy the state apartments.

While on its way to the hotel this afternoon, the carriage containing Mr. McKinley, Vice President Hobart and Private Secretary Porter, who arrived to-day, met a detail of the Seventy-first New York regiment, escorting the remains of Corporals Sheid and Immen, who were killed in the charge of San Juan Hill, to the cemetery.

With reverential respect the President and his party removed their hats. The President's head was lowered and he seemed to be deeply affected by the spectacle. The President's carriage followed the funeral cortege a couple of blocks down Fifth avenue below Twenty-third street and then returned to the hotel.

President McKinley has wired Major General Wheeler that he desires to make his visit to Camp Wikoff as informal as may be. One troop of cavalry will act as the President's escort. A salute of twenty-one guns will be fired.

The quarter master's department has been directed to provide six carriages for the President, the Secretary of War and those with them. The President will probably drive through the camp, first getting an idea of its physical and pictureque beauty. Then he will walk through the hospitals seeing by near inspection the condition of things. The President probably will sleep under canvas Saturday night. A tent near General Wheeler is being prepared for him.

YELLOW FEVER REPORT.

Marine Hospital Service Officially Advised of Ten Cases at Orwood, Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., Sept. 2.—The board of health has received a telegram from Inspector Grant stating that yellow fever has appeared at Taylor's Station. No report of the number of cases is made.

Secretary Hunter makes the following statement for the Associated Press: "There seems to be considerable excitement over the yellow fever in La Fayette county. The board feels exceedingly hopeful of being able to confine the fever to the infected districts, which is very healthy and densely populated. The conditions are very favorable. In case of a spread, trains will be provided to carry the people north."

WASHINGTON, September 2.—The Marine Hospital Service was officially advised to-day of the ten new cases of yellow fever which have been discovered at Orwood, Miss. The officials are at sea as to the origin of the fever there and have no definite theories to work upon. They are endeavoring to trace the cases. There is a possibility that the victims brought the germs in their clothes to Orwood from some point heretofore infected, but the nearest one is Durant, where the epidemic touched last year. Even on this theory the warm weather should have brought out the fever. Orwood is far from the railroad, and the fever, therefore, might not have been brought by that means. A thorough investigation is to be made. There is no disquieting news from any other points save Orwood.

ILLINOIS MINE TROUBLE.

An Armed Demonstration by the Guard at the Springside Coal Mine.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PANA, ILLS., September 2.—Fifty-four of the deputy sheriffs who have been on guard during the Springside coal mine strike, made a demonstration this afternoon by marching in a body through the principal streets of the city with loaded Springfield rifles and fixed bayonets to City Hall Park, where they rested on their arms for half an hour. They were in charge of Mayor Penwell and Chief Deputy William Baldwin. Later they returned to the mine. All along the line of march citizens hissed the deputies and applied all manner of epithets to them, but the deputies coolly continued the march. Mayor Penwell said the deputies were brought to the city on orders of Gov. Tanner, but the State Secretary of the Labor Bureau, David Ross, the Governor's representative, looking into the situation, denied the statement of the Mayor. Mayor Penwell said it was feared the lives of the deputies and operators' families were in danger. The demonstration created great excitement.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, Sept. 2, 1898.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Sept. 2nd:

	1898.	1897.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	32,250	490,773
Total receipts to this date.....	11,396	13,152
Exports for week..	29,516	14,056
Total exports to date.....	12,394	2,311
Stock in all U. S. ports.....	172,126	85,674
Stock at all interior towns.....	90,964	47,962
Stock in Liverpool,	790,000	467,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	30,000	14,000

A special dispatch says the French cabinet has decided on a revision of the Dreyfus case.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

TRADE SITUATION ENCOURAGING.

Volume of Business Enormous With Every Prospect of Increase.

BUSINESS FAILURES SMALL.

Large Crops of Wheat, Corn and Cotton, Continued Improvement in Demand for Manufactured Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade will say to-morrow:

The smallest failures ever recorded in any month for five years were those of August. No other month since the monthly reports were commenced by Dun's Review, exclusively, has shown defaulted liabilities as small within $1,000,000, and the ratio of such defaults to solvent business represented by exchanges through all clearing houses, $108.70 in $100,000, is smaller by 26.5 per cent. than in any previous month, the clearings having been the largest ever known in August and 25.0 per cent larger than in 1892.

The enormous volume of business, in a month usually one of the most inactive of the year, demands attention. Postponement during the months of war of some contracts and purchases which have now come forward, explains part of the increase, and the strong absorption of securities explains part, but there has also been a great decline in the average of prices for all commodities, so that it takes a much larger volume of business, in tons or bushels, to make up transactions amounting to a million than in 1892. It is therefore strictly true that business is larger than in the very best of all past years, and yet there is every prospect of much further increase.

There is no room to doubt that the wheat crop, even though it may fall a shade below some estimates, will prove the largest ever harvested, and although Beerhoom estimates Europe's crop at 232,000,000 bushels more than the last, that would be only an average yield, while other evidence is less favorable. Foreign buying has been strong, so that Atlantic exports for the week have been 3,326,878 bushels, against 258,651 last year. But receipts at the West are increasing and the price has dropped five cents for spot, though the September option is seven-eighths lower for the week. Corn has fallen a fraction, later reports indicating a less satisfactory yield, and probably not more than should be consumed at home in enlarging the stock of animals.

The advance of a sixteenth in cotton to 5.81 cents has followed a little better middling demand, with rather less favorable reports of probable yield, but the crop is at the worst likely to exceed the world's needs.

The improvement in the iron industry has not only continued, but becomes more impressive because, after enormous buying of materials has satisfied the needs of great consumers for months to come, the demand for products is so great that both materials and products gradually advance in price.

The woollen mills have rather better orders this weeks, but not enough as yet to warrant running nearly full force, with the price of wool held at the West much above Eastern markets, and by those markets about one cent higher than the mills are bidding. In cotton manufacture there is better demand, with a sixteenth rise in print cloths, though brown sheetings are a shade lower, the demand for other goods being still fairly strong.

Failures for the week have been 171 in the United States, against 191 last year, and 22 in Canada, against 25 last year.

COL. STUDEBAKER'S TIGERS.

An Indiana Regiment's Experience in Camp at Port Tampa and Fernandina, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 2.—Col. Studebaker's "Tigers," the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana volunteers, reached Indianapolis from the South this morning. The regiment left its camp at Fernandina, Fla., last Tuesday evening. The soldiers were given an enthusiastic reception by the citizens.

Colonel Studebaker said: "This is not the same regiment I took away from Indianapolis last May. The personality is the same, but it is made up of a different lot of men. They have fever in their very bones; they are hungry, and their strength is wasted. It is all due to the cesspool in which we live, in the South, Port Tampa. I charged the condition of my men to it and to the conditions surrounding it. For eight weeks we were in camp there, exposed to the fevers and unrelenting sun of Florida. We have not been in the shade of a tree since last June. It was a happy day for us when we received orders to leave there. But when we moved we did not better our condition. much. The fever followed us, and day by day the regiment became weaker. At Fernandina we had the same difficulty to obtain proper food. The United States authorities seemed willing enough to provide us with what we needed, but Fernandina is such an out of the way place that it is difficult to reach it. One railroad runs to the town.

"When men who have been investigating the condition of the Florida camp say we have not been in actual need of food and medical assistance they do not know what they are talking about. My men cannot march in straight lines on account of their weakness. They cannot carry their rifles at the right position. They cannot march any distance without many of them having to drop out of the ranks to rest. I think that our coming home has saved the lives of hundreds in the regiment."

The officers of Colonel Studebaker's regiment hesitate about putting blame on any particular government officer. They say they are still in the service, and a court martial might meet the man who talks too much.

GERMAN WARSHIPS.

Naval Force at Manila to be Reduced to One or Two Ships.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, September 2.—A semi-official note issued to-day says:

A state of peace having been re-established between the United States and Spain orders have been given that the German naval force at Manila be reduced to one or two ships, which, pending the complete restoration of order in the Philippine islands, will suffice for the protection of German subjects and interests in that region.

GREAT DAMAGE BY COAST STORM

A Large Section of Country Flooded and the Crops Destroyed.

LOSS ESTIMATED AT $1,000,000

Wrecks Line the Coast—Railroads Abandoned—Rivers Rising Rapidly—Rice Planter's Lose Heavily—Little Loss of Life.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., September 2.—While Savannah suffered heavily from the cyclone which swept over the fifty miles of coast country Wednesday morning, the damage on the coast islands and in the interior as far as the storm reached is probably greater.

The flooded condition of the country renders communication difficult and in many sections it is entirely cut off, and no news has been received to indicate what the conditions are.

The first news from the Carolina sea islands which were the scene of the great tidal storm of 1893, in which thousands of people perished, was received to-day. While the storm was nothing like that of five years ago, the loss is heavy. The beaches north of Tybee are lined with wrecks of small craft, and at Bluffton and other small settlements nearly all the houses were unroofed and many were destroyed.

The Norwegian barque Ragna, which went ashore on Gaskin bank, is a total wreck to-day. The captain and crew were saved. The barque Noe, in attempting to rescue the crew of which Lieut. Morgan and one of his companions lost their lives, has about disappeared. Small steamers have patrolled Calabogue sound all day searching for the bodies of the heroic rescuers, but they have not been recovered.

The loss to the rice crop on the Savannah river alone is estimated at $200,000 to $250,000. Three-fourths of the crop has been destroyed. The loss to planters between Savannah and Augusta will run into the hundreds of thousands. A heavy flood is reported in the upper Savannah river and messengers were sent out from here to-night to warn planters of its approach.

The cotton crop in the counties adjoining Savannah is practically ruined.

Centre of the Storm.

The latest reports from the storm indicate that Savannah was in the southern edge of it. Its full force passed ten to twenty miles north, across Beaufort county, S. C. The full extent of the damage there is not yet known, and may not be for several days, owing to the inaccessibility of the country.

The entire territory which the storm ravaged, although limited to a radius of fifty miles, is damaged beyond estimate. As the reports come in, the indications are that the storm was severer than any that has swept this section in years. The loss of life, so far as known, has been small, but it is expected that the reports of the next few days will show large fatality.

Wreckage Lines the Coast.

The steam pilot boat J. H. Estill arrived in Tybee roads to-night after a day and night cruise and reported six wrecks of coastwise schooners off Martin's Industry lightship, fifteen miles from Tybee. Several of them were sunk, others bottom upwards and all apparently had anchored when the storm struck them. None of the vessels, names were distinguished. There were no signs of the crews and it is believed they perished. All sorts of wreckage linef the coast indicating heavy losses at sea.

The steamship City of Birmingham arrived from New York this morning, and other vessels arriving during the day, reported that a short distance off the coast the storm was not felt, indicating its limited area.

Railroads Abandoned.

Of the five lines of railroad centering here, the only outlet is by the Plant system south to Jacksonville. The Central of Georgia, Georgia & Alabama, Florida Central & Peninsula and the Charleston & Savannah railroads are practically abandoned within the storm radius. None but local mails have been received for two days. Three car-loads of Florida mail are awaiting an outlet north. Business is practically at a standstill, owing to the blocking of the railroads.

For fifty miles west of Savannah, the country is practically under water. On the Central of Georgia railway the track is washed in places all the way from Savannah to Macon. It is estimated that at least twenty miles of track are under water, in some places nearly two feet deep. The railroads are unable to form any estimate of the damage or repair the tracks until the water falls.

Rivers Rising.

Instead of falling, however, the water is rising. The Oconee, Ogeechee, Ockmulgee and Altamaha rivers and their tributaries are overflowed and the water is flooding the country.

The same conditions exist on the Georgia and Alabama and Florida Central and Peninsula railroads. An effort was made to-night to get a train north over the Charleston and Savannah, but was abandoned. The losses of the railroads are beyond estimate.

The condition of the people in the towns and in the sparsely settled sections of the flooded country, if the floods continue and communication is not soon re-established, will be serious. There has been great loss of stock in the country and the floods from the upper part of the State are likely to do still greater damage. All the highlands in the flooded districts are filled with wild game which has taken refuge from the water.

In Savannah the meat supply is about exhausted. All the cold storage warehouses are empty and there is no likelihood of further supplies being received for several day.

Losses $1,000,000.

Taking the losses in Savannah, where a minor part of the damage was done and those sustained by the rice planters, the growers of cotton, by farmers generally and by railroads and shipping, it will be found that an estimate of $1,000,000 damage will be reasonably within bounds.

BEAUFORT, S. C. September 2.—The schooner May O'Neill is ashore on Richard's Island; schooner C. C. Foss, main and mizzen masts gone, is ashore on Hunting Island; schooner S. D. J. Rawson arrived at the quarantine station last night, towed by tug Juno, dismasted; schooner Nelson Bartlett, dismasted, is ashore at Hilton head; schooner, name unknown is ashore at South Edisto, brig Ventura, is inside Port Royal bar. The crews of all the vessels named are safe.

THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists. †

COTTON MILLS NORTH AND SOUTH

Statistics in Reference to the Manufacturing Industry of the Country.

SOUTHERN MILLS INCREASE.

The Crop of 1897-'98—Its Commercial Value—Consumption by Mills at the South—The Total Supply of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—Secretary Hester's New Orleans Cotton Exchange annual report was issued in full to-day. He puts the cotton crop of 1897-'98 at 11,199,994 bales, an increase of 2,242,030 bales over 1896-'97, and says that of this increase 827,000 was in Texas, including Indian Territory.

Mr. Hester's report puts the average commercial value of the crop at $28.62 per bale, against $36.76 last year, $41.09 the year before and $30.00 in 1894-'95, and the total value of the crop at $320,553,000 against $321,925,000 last year and $294,095,000 year before last. He puts the total spindles in the South at 4,056,244, an increase over last year of 205,253. These include 261,000 new ones. The net gain in the number of Southern mills over last year has been 9, making the total now 491, and the consumption has been divided as follows:

Alabama 101,412 bales, an increase of 16,584; Arkansas 1,894 bales, an increase of 1,068; Georgia 258,617, an increase of 31,900; Kentucky 26,156 bales, an increase of 1,735; Louisiana 16,049 bales, a decrease of 329; Missouri 3,735, an increase of 583; Mississippi 20,080 bales, an increase of 2,438; North Carolina 332,801 bales, an increase of 73,878; South Carolina 378,154 bales, an increase of 50,511; Tennessee 36,651 bales, an increase of 6,067; Texas 14,694, an increase of 1,994; Virginia 41,840 bales, an increase of 2,741.

In reference to the general manufacturing industry of the country and its comparative progress, North and South, Mr. Hester says the same causes have operated to depress the industry in the North and East which operated last year, and the South on the contrary has added more spindles and its increase in the number of bales consumed is greater than has yet been recorded in any one year. Nearly every mill in the South has shared in the increased consumption of cotton. The takings, North and South, during the past year, are the heaviest on record, amounting in round figures to 3,444,000 bales.

Mr. Hester shows the total number of cotton spindles in the country to be in round figures 19,284,000 against 14,550,000 in the census year. The increase in the North and East, principally in the New England States during the eight years, has been 2,290,000 spindles while the increase in the Southern States amounts to 2,444,000.

Mr. Hester is in receipt of a cablegram from Mr. Thomas Ellison of Liverpool, the eminent English authority on cotton giving an estimate of the stocks held by mills on August 31st. Using Mr. Ellison's figures for Europe he makes the total visible and invisible supply of cotton 2,838,000 against 1,513,000 last year and 3,291,000 in 1895.

ANGLO-GERMAN AGREEMENT

To Form a Treaty of Alliance Offensive and Defensive in Certain Eventualities.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, September 2.—A report was current here to-day that a treaty of alliance between Great Britain and Germany, on the lines of the speech of Mr. Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, was actually completed yesterday. It is said that as a *quid pro quo* for Germany's support in Egypt, Great Britain will recognize Germany's claims to utilize Syria as an outlet for her surplus population.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* this afternoon says it has received from a source in which it has every confidence, information that the Anglo-German agreement was signed this week by Mr. Balfour and the German embassador in behalf of the respective powers. Continuing, the *Pall Mall Gazette* says that while the agreement is restricted it embraces an offensive and defensive alliance in certain eventualities.

It is reported on the Stock Exchange that the Anglo-German alliance, or understanding, relates to the British purchase of Delagoa bay, with Germany assenting. As a result Kaffir and Portuguese securities are booming.

The *Daily Mail* says this morning: "We learn that Mr. Balfour and the German ambassador, Count Von Hatzfeldt, signed on Wednesday a document preliminary to a treaty which will give Germany a free hand in Asia Minor and allow England to lease Delagoa bay from Portugal at a cost between £2,000,000 and £5,000,000. Germany will, as a further condition, support Great Britain's claim for the abolition of mixed tribunals in Egypt. Mr. Schoinberg Kerr McDonnell, the premier's private secretary, has left London for the continent to submit to Lord Salisbury a copy of the treaty."

PHILIPPINE INSURGENTS.

Seizing Everything Possible Prior to Settlement of Peace.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MANILA, Sep. 2.—Several ship loads of insurgents troops have invaded the southern islands, with the view of seizing everything possible prior to the settlement of the peace conditions. General Rios, the Spanish commander, with a flotilla of gunboats, is acting energetically but the insurgents have captured the outlying islands of Romblon and Palawan, where they found treasures to the amount of $42,000. The prisoners captured have arrived here.

Delegates from the Hong Kong insurgent junta are to have an interview with United States Consul Williams to-night and it is thought this may possibly result in a settlement of the insurgent question.

EXPRESS COMPANIES

Decide to Bear Themselves the Expense of the War Tax.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 2.—At a special conference to day of the representatives of the Adams, American and United States Express Companies it was decided that the companies would from this date bear the expense of the war tax instead of requiring the public to stamp consignments.

WAR CLOUDS GATHERING.

A Great Struggle Believed to be Impending Between England and Russia.

FRANCE'S DREYFUS SCANDAL

Threatens to Cause War With Germany. Government Doing Its Best to Stem the Tide—An Anglo-German Alliance.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, September 2, midnight.—The most pessimistic feelings exist. It is the common belief that Great Britain and Russia are on the eve of war and that the consequences of the Dreyfus scandal will involve France in war with Germany.

The government is doing its best to stem the rising tide of agitation by a studied quiescence which scandalizes the *Journal Des Debats* and other papers; it may succeed in getting over the crisis. M. Faure ignores the reproaches of the press and remains at Havre. M. Bourgeois, minister of education, is in Switzerland. His address is not known here. M. Peytral, minister of finance, is at Marseilles, and M. Lockroy, minister of marine, is at Cherbourg.

In the meantime M. Cavaignac, minister of war, and M. Sarrien, minister of justice, are busy enough. M. Sarrien had two prolonged conferences with M. Brisson this afternoon, and after M. Cavaignac's long interview with M. Sarrien, both ministers looked ruffled. These and other impromptu ministerial conferences were devoted to an endeavor to convince the minister of war of the necessity, on political grounds, of a revision of the Dreyfus case, which the whole country, including the army, now demands.

High officers confess that the discussions that will follow revision will probably entail war, but they say that would be preferable to having the army remain under a cloud, with the possibilities of agitation leading to civil strife.

M. de Blowitz, the Paris correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that he has obtained the views of a "distinguished German" on the Dreyfus situation. This individual admitted that "Germany, by speaking out, could clear up the Dreyfus affair," but he added that "the interests of the nation are superior to those of any man, and if Germany were listened to, General de Boisdeffre could not remain at the head of the staff, whereas Germans ought to wish to have him stay there as long as possible."

AT MONTAUK POINT.

Deaths in Hospital—Gen. Shafter—Transports With Troops from Santiago—Paymasters and Treasure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, L. I., September 2.—The deaths in the general hospital to-day numbered 10; in the detention hospital, —; at the general hospital there are 1,276 sick; at the detention hospital, 250.

General Shafter declines to enter into a controversy, he says, with Dr. Senn in regard to yellow fever among the soldiers at Santiago, and as he was slightly indisposed to-day denied himself to interviewers.

Four transports arrived during the night. They were the Orizaba, the Berkshire, the City of Washington and the Neuces. The Neuces, six days from Santiago, brought 385 men of the Twenty-ninth regular infantry and a detachment of the First Illinois. The Berkshire brought 348 convalescents from various commands, chiefly of the regular army. Three died on the six days' voyage from Santiago. One hundred and seventy-five of the convalescents are still quite sick, but no contagious cases are among them. The dead were buried at sea.

The Orizaba brought paymasters and clerks, twenty-four altogether, and $1,000,000 cash in the treasure chest. The City of Washington brought Col. Humphrey, quartermaster, U. S. A., and a clerk, two servants and three horses. None was sick.

TO BE MUSTERED OUT.

Second North Carolina Volunteers Among the Regiments Receiving Orders.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The following troops were ordered to be mustered out of service to-day:

First Pennsylvania, Second Pennsylvania, Third Pennsylvania, Eighteenth Pennsylvania, Fourth Wisconsin, Seventy-first New York, First New Jersey, Thirty-second Michigan, two squadrons First Ohio cavalry, Eighteenth Ohio, One Hundredth and Fifty-eighth Indiana, Third Ohio, Second North Carolina, Simon's Island, Ga., to Raleigh; First and Second Alabama, Third United States volunteer cavalry, Second Massachusetts, First South Carolina, Jacksonville to Columbia, S. C.

THE RAILROADS.

A Decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sep. 2.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission by a decision to-day in the matter of the passenger rate disturbances of the Canadian Pacific railroad, involving the propriety of differential passenger rates between Eastern points and the Pacific coast, held that the Canadian Pacific is not entitled to the differential contended for. The case is one of the most important that has been before the commission for a long time, the American railroad lines and the Canadian Pacific having been engaged six months or more in a war on passenger tariffs between the East and West.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Boston—Boston, 6; Cleveland, 0. Called, darkness.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 5; New York, 4.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 12.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BRUNSWICK DEMOCRATS

Met in Convention Thursday and Put Out a Strong Ticket—Telling Speech by Jno. D. Bellamy.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

SUPPLY, N. C., September 2.

The Democratic county convention was called to order at Lockwood's Folly by Dr. D. B. McNeill; Mr. Frank Gore was made permanent chairman, and Mr. Jno. H. Mintz secretary. The following are the candidates nominated for the different offices of the county: For Senator, Capt. W. J. Davis; Representative, Dr. D. B. McNeill; Sheriff, David Ward; Treasurer, A. S. Kirby; Register, J. J. Pigott; Clerk of Court, W. O. McKeithan; County Commissioners, A. M. Moore, Warren Murrill and Chas. Frink; Coroner, McD. Turner; Surveyor, Jno. H. Mintz. The ticket is a good one, and can't be beaten. There was much enthusiasm and perfect harmony throughout the meeting.

Jno. D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, made a strong and telling speech here yesterday to as large an audience as has assembled at this place in years. He is a fine orator. He held his audience spell-bound for more than an hour and a half. His speech has done lasting good. He is in Boone's Neck to-day, and speaks at Shallotte to-morrow and Shingletree Monday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—13 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 46 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & Railroad—28 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 90 barrels rosin, 62 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad—1 bale cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 150 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—11 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 90 barrels rosin, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—44 casks spirits turpentine, 185 barrels rosin, 41 barrels tar, 16 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 42 bales; spirits turpentine, 86 casks; rosin, 567 barrels; tar, 135 barrels; crude turpentine, 19 barrels.

MARRIED IN CHARLOTTE.

Wilmington Young Lady Becomes the Bride of Mr. Ira B. Andrews.

[*Charlotte Observer.*]

Mr. Ira B. Andrews and Miss Lisette J. Bonitz were married last night at Tyron Street Methodist Church by Rev. Dr. Chreitzberg.

The groom is an agent for the Immediate Life Insurance Company, of Baltimore. He came to Charlotte from Wilmington about seven months ago.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. J. H. W. Bonitz, of the Bonitz House, Wilmington. She has been visiting for a short period at Mrs. Galloway's, who moved here a year or so ago from Wilmington. Mr. Andrews has many friends among the life insurance fraternity, where he is best known. They will make Charlotte their home.

WARM WIRELETS.

President Woodruff, president of the Mormon Church, died at the residence of Colonel Isaac Trumbo, San Francisco, Cal., yesterday, aged 91 years.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,269,381,948; per cent. increase 12.4. Exclusive of New York $458,931,071; per cent. increase 1.5.

Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, who is ill at Narragansett Pier, R. I., experienced a change for the worse yesterday. Her condition is now considered critical.

A horrible accident occurred at Stinesville, Ind., in which four men were instantly killed by a dynamite explosion and many others seriously injured. The men were blasting rock for a new pike.

It was announced at the Treasury Department yesterday that there would be no prosecutions, as the outcome of the recent investigation of the manner in which several thousand bonds were subscribed for in New York city.

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 229.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

my 22 tf

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,

402 and 404 North Fourth Street.

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Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWS PAPERS, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT, AT THE

Star Office.

SUITABLE FOR

WRAPPING PAPER

AND EXCELLENT FOR

Placing Under Carpet

jan 1 tf

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State; all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 17 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$543,226 89	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	107 97	Surplus	$70,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25— 79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$100,564 22	Total Deposits	561,972 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94—200,306 16		
Total	$803,929 65	Total	$802,925 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$464,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	None.	None.	None.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1890.

jy 28 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. **Surplus $10,000.**

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.

2.—You can draw it out when you need it.

3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

To Rent or Lease—A Farm at Armour, immediately on the C. C. R. R., twenty miles from Wilmington, N. C. The land is well adapted to the culture of strawberries, truckling, &c. A comfortable house, containing seven rooms, including bath room. Store, barn, stables and other necessary out houses. Excellent water. Healthy location. Kind neighbors. Postoffice on the premises. For further information apply to D. M. Summerell, No. 121 North Fifth street, Wilmington. Possession given immediately, together with a good crop now on the place, farming utensils, &c. se 2 tf

Wanted—A middle-aged white woman of good character, to cook and wash for a small family; light work; a good home. Apply to F. M. Moore, Phœnix, Brunswick county, N. C. se 1 3t*

Photographs—For a limited time, I will make a cheaper grade of Photos at the following prices: Cabinet size, $1.00 per dozen; smaller sizes, 50c per dozen. My best work at reasonable prices. Enlargements a specialty. New frames to suit just received. H. Cronenberg, over Green's drug store. au 30 1w

Wanted—Ten thousand Apollinaris water bottles and "Rienzi" beer bottles, or same shape as these. Sol Bear & Co., 20 Market street. au 29 6t

To Country Merchants and farmers who sell Country Produce. Try M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street, for best prices, quick sales and prompt returns. August 27, 1898. au 28 tf

Photographs and Frames—Cheapest Frames and Easles in the city. Finest kind of Photographs at reasonable rates. Good work guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 28 tf

For Rent—The Cantwell House, corner Sixth and Market streets. Nine rooms; modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor. su au 14 tf

Pure Sweet Apple Cider freshly made guaranteed to be nothing but Pure Apple Juice can be had of H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street Bell 'Phone No. 38. au 26 tf

R. V. Leonard & Bro., Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 3 South Water street. We solicit your consignments. Prompt sales and returns guaranteed. R. V. Leonard & Bro. au 25 tf

Finest Apples and Peaches. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. au 23 tf

Wanted—Eight Thousand dollars wanted on improved real estate in Wilmington. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 1W

For Rent—Store on Front, between Market and Dock. Store No. 11 Market street. Store on South Water, between Market and Dock. Store on North Water, between Princess and Chesnut. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 tf

For Rent—Dwellings and Stores. Special attention given to rent collections. Taxes, insurance and repairs attended to without extra charge. Commission on collections reasonable. Andrew Smith, real estate agent. au 21 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. B. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 29 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. E. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 93. au 19 tf

Eggs, Chickens, Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at R. B. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchant, 125 Princess street. au 17 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 214 Campbell street au 14 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 126 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

R. P. Oats.

800 Bushels R. P. Oats.
400 Bushels Feed Oats.
100 Boxes Soap.
125 Boxes M. Lye.
150 Ounces Quinine.
200 Boxes Tobacco.
110 Boxes Smoking Tobacco.
25 Barrels Rice.
50 Bags Wheat Bran.
90 Boxes A. & H. Soda.
25 Boxes G. M. Soda.

Write for Latest Price List.

W. B. Cooper,

Wholesale Grocer,

au 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

The following Schedule is in effect on and after Monday, August 29th:

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach at 6.00 A. M., 9.45 A. M., and 5.15 P. M.

Leave Beach 7.00 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M., and 6.00 P. M.

The 9.45 boat through for Southport. Leave Southport, 2.30 P. M.

J. W. HARPER.

au 2s tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

Schedule in Effect September 1, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M., 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.00, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on